

APRIL

This Month in Black History

Fact Sheet

April 1	• Dr. Charles Richard Drew , scientist, who discovered blood plasma, researched the field blood transfusions, developed techniques for blood storage, and helped to develop large-scale blood banks and saved thousands of lives during WWII, died. (1950)
April 2	Willie "Bill" Pickett, world renown African American cowboy, died. (1932)
April 3	 Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. delivered his sermon titled "I've Been to the Mountaintop" during his last public appearance prior to his assassination at Mason Temple in Memphis, Tennessee. (1968) Malcolm X delivered his speech titled "The Ballot or the Bullet" at Cory Methodist Church in Cleveland, Ohio. (1964)
April 4	 Dr. Martin Luther King Jr., the most visible spokesperson, and the leader of the Civil Rights Movement, was assassinated at the Lorraine Motel in Memphis, Tennessee. (1968) Maya Angelou, poet, memoirist, author, and civil rights activist was born. (1928)
April 5	Booker T. Washington, educator and founder of Tuskegee Institute was born. (1856)
April 6	 Matthew Henson, an explorer and exceptional navigator, participated in the 1908-1909 expedition that reached the North Pole. Henson was the first of their party to reach the pole. (1909)
April 7	Billie Holiday, blues singer of one of whose most famous songs titled "Strange Fruit," that bemoaned the brutal lynching of black Americans in the South was born. (1917)
April 8	 The first U.S. stamp ever to honor an African American was issued to bearing the likeness of Booker T. Washington Jr. (1940)
	 Henry (Hank) Aaron broke Babe Ruth's major league baseball record, hitting his 715th home run in a game at Atlanta stadium. (1974)
April 9	The Civil Rights Act of 1866 declared all male persons born in the United States to be citizens, "without distinction of race or color, or previous condition of slavery, or involuntary servitude." (1866)
April 10	• Howard Thurman, author, educator, theologian, and who shaped Dr. Martin Luther King Jr's philosophy of non-violence, died. (1981)
April 11	Percy L. Julian, American chemist, synthesist of cortisone, hormones, and other products from soybeans was born. (1899)
April 12	The Civil War began with the Confederate Army's attack on Fort Sumter in Charleston, South Carolina. (1861)
April 13	Sidney Poitier becomes the first black male and Bahamian to win the Best Actor Academy Award for his role in <i>Lilies of the Fields</i> . (1964)

April 14	 Frances Ellen Watkins Harper, abolitionist and suffragist, delivered a speech titled "The Great Problem to be Solved" in Philadelphia at the Pennsylvania Society for Promoting the Abolition of Slavery. (1875)
April 15	Harold Washington, Chicago's first African American mayor, was born. (1922)
April 16	Ralph Ellison, an American novelist, literary critic, and scholar best known for his novel Invisible Man, which won the National Book Award died. (1994)
April 17	 Playwright August Wilson won his second Pulitzer Prize for drama for the play The Piano Lesson. (1990)
	• Rev. Ralph David Abernathy, keystone of the Southern Christian Leadership Council and aide to Dr. Martin Luther King Jr, dies (1990).
April 18	Alex Haley, author of the book <i>Roots</i> , was awarded a Pulitzer Prize. (1977)
April 19	The National Urban League was formed in New York, New York. (1910)
April 20	 Harriet Tubman begins her work on Underground Railroad and in a ten-year span escorted over 300 enslaved African Americans to freedom (1853)
April 21	Lee Elder becomes the first African American professional golfer to qualify for the Masters Tournament. (1974)
April 22	Stono Rebellion first recorded slave revolt occurs in Stono, South Carolina. (1596)
April 23	National Urban League was founded. (1913)
,	Granville T. Woods, inventor of automatic air brakes and over thirty-five other inventions, was born. (1953)
April 24	National Medical Association of Black Physicians organized in Atlanta, GA. (1895)
April 25	United Negro College Fund was established. (1944)
April 26	South Africa held its first all-race elections for the national assembly and provincial parliaments. (1994)
April 27	 Coretta Scott King, widow of Martin Luther King Jr., and civil rights activist, was born. (1927)
April 28	South Africa held its first all-race elections for the national assembly and provincial parliaments. (1994)
April 29	Duke Ellington, musician and jazz composer, was born. (1899)
April 30	Bessie Coleman, first African American woman pilot, died. (1926)